

EN Instruction for use

DE Gebrauchsanweisung

PL Instrukcja użytkownika

RU Инструкция по применению

UA Інструкція для користування

RO Instrucțiuni de utilizare

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SK LT LV EE BY MD BG SI ES AT NL FR DA PT IT SE FI NO TR GR CZ HR IS HU

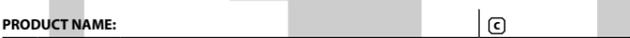
PRODUCT NAME: Safety shoes

Sicherheitsschuhe

Buty bezpieczne

STANDARDS EN ISO 20345:2022

The explanation of pictograms / standards is in the text of the instruction - Erklärung der Piktogramme / Standards finden Sie im Text des Handbuchs - Wyjaśnienie piktogramów / norm znajduje się w tekście instrukcji - Обьяснение пиктограмм / стандартов содержится в тексте инструкции



The member of REIS GROUP

v. CSNF:122

EN ISO 20345:2022

EN INSTRUCTION AND INFORMATION FOR THE USERS

Manufacturer: RAW-POL STEFAŃSKI SPÓŁKA KOMANDYTOWO-AKCYJNA, Julianów 50, 96-200 Julianów, Poland.

This product belongs to personal protective equipment (PPE), specified in the Regulation (EU) 2016/425 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2016 on the standards for personal protective equipment (PPE), which has been assigned to the category II.

Standards: Product complies with EN ISO 20345:2022, Personal protective equipment. Safety footwear.

The notified body: SGS Fimko Oy, Takomitie 8, FI-00380 Helsinki, Finland; Number of the notified body: 0598.

Product/Description: Safety shoes according to the category specified in CATEGORY field and placed on the product. The detailed characteristics of the product is provided at rawpol.com.

Usage and handling: This product is dedicated to the user protection and it protects against specified hazards, according to the category which is approved on the basis of standards requirements that are met and it is intended for use in the environments in which they occur. The protection level is compatible with the category located on the product. Meaning of particular symbols used in footwear category is specified in the further part of the instruction and at rawpol.com. The protection level has been established on the basis of tests carried out according to conditions described in the norms to which they apply. Please always carry out a risk assessment in a given work environment to verify whether the product is suitable for the environment in which it is used. The use of the product in an environment where no personal protective equipment means assure the complete protection, therefore the work must be conducted with due care. During work the attention should be paid to the maintenance of the protective qualities and functions. The loss of the protective properties means that the product is worn out. The materials used for the product manufacture should not affect the user's health and hygienics. However every substance contained in the product or being the product component may be an allergen, e.g. cotton, leather, metal elements, latex, pigments etc. The highly sensitive individuals should be aware of this. The footwear is not intended for use in the environments where the use of the product is not recommended. It is recommended to use a shoehorn to put shoes on. If present, after putting on the shoes, tie the laces and fasten the fasteners, and before taking off the shoes, untie/unfasten them to remove the foot freely. In the case of a fastening system consisting of a knob and laces, to put on the shoes you should: 1. pull up the movable part of the knob to loosen the string, 2. insert the foot, 3. push in the knob and turn it clockwise to screw up the laces until the foot is stably placed in the shoe. To remove shoes, proceed as in point 1. In the case of fastening with drawstrings, use a shoehorn to put on the shoes and properly adjust the shoe length. When removing shoes, do not step on the second shoe heel shoe removable, as it may be damaged. The foot in a properly fastened shoe is stably placed, but at the same time not too compressed. Detailed information on the relevant parts of the additional and replacement parts (if any are available) can be obtained from the manufacturer or his authorized representative.

Restrictions: It is to be warned against the use of the product in consistency with its intended use, instruction recommendations and in conditions stated in the PPE of this category as appropriate. If the properties does not state otherwise, the use of footwear at extremely low or high temperatures may adversely affect the durability. The properties of the footwear are in accordance with the category on the product and are expressed by symbols. Explanation of the symbols can be found later in the manual. The footwear shall not be modified, except for orthopedic adaptations according to Annex A of EN ISO 20345:2022 or EN ISO 20347:2022.

Size: The product should be of the appropriate size which should be established by fitting prior to work commencement. The size of the product is stated on the product. The available extent of sizes is stated in SIZES field.

Storage: The product should be stored at the appropriate temperature, in dry and well ventilated place. Too high humidity of air, too high or low temperature or intense light can adversely impact the product quality. Do not press with heavy objects, keep in a condition without any bends, away from sharp objects and 1 meter away from heating devices. The internal part of the shoes should remain dry. Manufacturer accepts no liability for the quality of the product stored contrary to the instructions. This may result in a lowering of the footwear protection level.

Packing type: It is recommended to store the product in its original packaging. The product in cardboard or foil package. Loading, transport and unloading should take place in conditions protecting against getting wet, dirty and damaged.

Maintenance, cleaning and disinfection: It is recommended to apply to the upper part of the footwear the substances intended for the maintenance of the given material, e.g. creams, pastes, aerosols etc. The contamination such as external dirt, dust, earth or the other substances should be removed by use of the soft, slightly moist rag, rubber foam or brush. Do not use solvents and abrasive materials which might damage the surface of the footwear. Upon cleaning, the footwear should be kept in a shaded place. The footwear should not be exposed to direct sunlight or dried in the room temperature (away from stoves and heaters) for approximately 18 hours. For full-grain leather footwear, on dried upper a small amount of the maintenance substance should be applied like cream or kind of wax, preferably in the colour of the upper part. Due to the natural finish treatment of the leather material the self-glossy pastes are not recommended for the daily maintenance (as they are on the basis of the solvents which might damage the color). After each work, footwear should be subjected to a cleaning process, which will ensure long-time use. Footwear that has not been cleaned and maintained in accordance with the instructions of this manual or that has signs of natural wear and tear is excluded from the quality claims. It is recommended to use generally commercially available cleaners, preservatives for each type of material, which does not have negative impact on the user's body. It is not recommended to use any additional methods for disinfection and disinfectants, as this may have impact on reducing levels of protection.

Durability/Expiry: This can be evaluated based on the footwear construction. On account of the various intensity of the usage and the environmental effects such as sunlight, rain etc., it is not possible to state the exact time of use. This time is suitable for further wear. Special attention should be paid to the seams and the places where the particular elements are joined. The product retains its protective properties until it gets damaged and cannot be repaired without reducing the level of protection. Shoes damaged in a manner which diminishes the degree of protection, e.g. snagged seams, cracked or torn sole, they have to be replaced. With proper storage the validity period of the product can be up to 5 years from the date of production.

Slip resistance: This footwear has been successfully tested according to EN ISO 20345:2022 clause 5.3.5 for safety footwear or EN ISO 20347:2022 clause 5.3.4 for occupational footwear for slip resistance on ceramic tile floor with sodium lauryl sulphate (NALS) solution. The footwear tested for slip resistant on ceramic tile floor with glycerine (optional) has additional SR symbol.

The slip resistance of footwear has been tested in laboratory conditions. Additional testing by the user in working place conditions may provide more detailed information. Footwear field trials are recommended to assess suitability of the footwear in the workplace.

Antistatic properties (if applicable): Antistatic footwear should be used if it is necessary to minimize electrostatic build-up by dissipating electrostatic charges, thus avoiding the risk of spark ignition of, for example, flammable substances and vapours, and if the risk of electric shock from mains voltage equipment cannot be completely eliminated from the workplace. Antistatic footwear introduces a resistance between the foot and ground but may not offer complete protection. Antistatic footwear is not suitable for work on live electrical installations. It should be noted, however, that antistatic footwear will not protect against static discharge as it only introduces a resistance between foot and floor. If the risk of static discharge electric shock, has not been completely eliminated, additional measures to avoid this risk are essential. Such measures, as well as the additional tests mentioned below, should be a routine part of the accident prevention programme at the workplace.

Antistatic footwear will not provide protection against electric shock from AC or DC voltages. If the risk of being exposed to any AC or DC voltage exists, then electrical insulating footwear shall be used to protect from against serious injury.

The electrical resistance of antistatic footwear can be changed significantly by greasing, contamination or moisture. This footwear might not perform its intended function if worn in wet conditions.

Class I footwear can absorb moisture and can become conductive if worn for prolonged periods in moist and wet conditions. Class II footwear is resistant to moist and wet conditions and should be used if the risk of exposure exists.

If the footwear is worn in conditions where the soiling material becomes contaminated, wearers should always check the antistatic properties of the footwear before using it.

Where antistatic footwear is in use, the resistance of the flooring should be such that it does not invalidate the protection provided by the footwear. It is recommended to use an antistatic socks.

It is, therefore, necessary to ensure, that the combination of the footwear its wearers and their environment is capable, to fulfil the designed function of dissipating static electricity. The use of antistatic footwear, as it only introduces a resistance between foot and floor, it is recommended, that the user establish an in-house test for electrical resistance, which is carried out at regular and frequent intervals.

Insocks: If the footwear is supplied with a removable insole, the testing was carried out with the insole in place. The insole shall only be used with the insole in place and the insole shall only be replaced by a comparable insole supplied by the original footwear manufacturer or supplied by the footwear manufacturer that will supply insocks that fulfill the properties of EN ISO 20345 or EN ISO 20347 in combination with the foreseen safety or occupational footwear.

If the footwear is supplied without an insole, the testing was carried out with no insole present.

Warning: Only insocks that fulfill the properties of EN ISO 20345 or EN ISO 20347 in combination with the identified safety or occupational footwear can be fitted.

Penetration resistant (if applicable) - the penetration resistance footwear has the penetration resistance insert:

The perforation resistance of this footwear has been measured in the laboratory using standardized nails and forces. Nails of smaller diameter and higher static or dynamic load will increase the risk of perforation occurring. In such circumstances, additional preventative measures should be considered.

Three generic types of perforation resistant inserts are currently available in PPE footwear. These are metal types and those from non-metal materials, which shall be used in accordance with the instructions of this manual. All types give protection against perforation risks, but each has different additional advantages or disadvantages including the following:

Metal (e.g. ST1P, O1P, S3, O3): Is less affected by the shape of the sharp object/hazard (i.e. diameter, geometry, sharpness) but due to shoemaking techniques may not cover the entire lower area of the foot.

Non-metal (PS or PL or category e.g. ST1P, O1P, S3, O3L): May be lighter, more flexible and provide greater coverage area, but the perforation resistance may be lower than metal types. The use of non-metal types is recommended in the laboratory using standardized nails and forces. Two types in terms of the protection offered are available. Type PS may offer more appropriate protection from smaller diameter objects than type PL.

The access to the UE declaration of conformity can be accessed at support.rawpol.com.

In case this manual becomes out-of-date as a result of modifications to law or other factors, you should download a new version. Up-to-dated manuals are available at rawpol.com or support.rawpol.com. This manual is marked on the first page with version number v. CSNF:122, where CSNF is the identifier of product group and 122 is the version number. The marking explained in the instructions are not the same as marked on the product or on the packaging, it means that you can have the instruction for use for another lot or a different good. In case the instruction is out of date or improper to the owned lot of goods, it must be strictly obtained the current/proper instruction for use and become

M - Schutz des Mittelfußes

P - Beständigkeit: Unterseite des Schuhs gegen Perforation bei einer Kraft von 1100 N, Durchmesser des Testnagels - 4,5 mm (Metalleinlage Typ P)

PL - Beständigkeit: Unterseite des Schuhs gegen Perforation bei einer Kraft von 1100 N, Durchmesser des Testnagels - 4,5 mm (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PL)

PS - Beständigkeit: Unterseite des Schuhs gegen Perforation, der durchschnittliche Kraftwert aus 4 Tests beträgt nicht weniger als 1100 N (kein einzelnes Ergebnis liegt unter 950 N), Durchmesser des Testnagels - 3,0 mm (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PS)

SC - Beständigkeit: Erfüllung der Anforderungen der EN ISO 20345 bzw. EN ISO 20347 hinsichtlich des Abriebs der Zehenverhärtung

SR - Rutschhemmung auf Keramikfliesenboden mit Glycerin

SB - Beständigkeit: Unterseite des Schuhs gegen Perforation bei einer Kraft von 1100 N, Durchmesser des Testnagels - 4,5 mm (Metalleinlage Typ SB)

S1 = wie SB + Geschlossener Fersenbereich + Energieaufnahme des Gesäßbereichs + Antistatisch

S2 = wie S1 + Beständigkeit des oberen Teils gegen Eindringen und Absorption von Wasser

S3 (Metalleinlage Typ P), S3L (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PL), S3S (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PS)

S4 = wie SB + Geschlossener Fersenbereich + Energieaufnahme des Gesäßbereichs + Antistatisch

SBH = Kennzeichenskategorie von Hybrid-Sicherheitsschuhen

0 = Symbol zeigt an, dass die Schuhe nicht auf Rutschfestigkeit geprüft wurden

OS (Metalleinlage Typ P), OSL (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PL), OS5 (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PS) = wie O4 + Durchtrittssicherheit je nach Typ + Stollenauflösung

O6 = wie O2 + Wasserdichtigkeit des gesamten Schuhs

O7 (Metalleinlage Typ P), O7L (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PL), O7S (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PS)

OBH = Bezeichnung der Kategorie der professionellen Hybridschuhe

0 = Symbol zeigt an, dass die Schuhe nicht auf Rutschfestigkeit geprüft wurden

O4 = wie O2 + Durchtrittssicherheit je nach Typ + Stollenauflösung

O5 (Metalleinlage Typ P), O5L (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PL), O5S (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PS) = wie O4 + Durchtrittssicherheit je nach Typ + Stollenauflösung

O6 = wie O2 + Wasserdichtigkeit des gesamten Schuhs

O7 (Metalleinlage Typ P), O7L (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PL), O7S (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PS)

OBH = Bezeichnung der Kategorie der professionellen Hybridschuhe

0 = Symbol zeigt an, dass die Schuhe nicht auf Rutschfestigkeit geprüft wurden

O4 = wie O2 + Durchtrittssicherheit je nach Typ + Stollenauflösung

O5 (Metalleinlage Typ P), O5L (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PL), O5S (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PS) = wie O4 + Durchtrittssicherheit je nach Typ + Stollenauflösung

O6 = wie O2 + Wasserdichtigkeit des gesamten Schuhs

O7 (Metalleinlage Typ P), O7L (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PL), O7S (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PS)

OBH = Bezeichnung der Kategorie der professionellen Hybridschuhe

0 = Symbol zeigt an, dass die Schuhe nicht auf Rutschfestigkeit geprüft wurden

O4 = wie O2 + Durchtrittssicherheit je nach Typ + Stollenauflösung

O5 (Metalleinlage Typ P), O5L (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PL), O5S (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PS) = wie O4 + Durchtrittssicherheit je nach Typ + Stollenauflösung

O6 = wie O2 + Wasserdichtigkeit des gesamten Schuhs

O7 (Metalleinlage Typ P), O7L (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PL), O7S (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PS)

OBH = Bezeichnung der Kategorie der professionellen Hybridschuhe

0 = Symbol zeigt an, dass die Schuhe nicht auf Rutschfestigkeit geprüft wurden

O4 = wie O2 + Durchtrittssicherheit je nach Typ + Stollenauflösung

O5 (Metalleinlage Typ P), O5L (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PL), O5S (nichtmetallische Einlage Typ PS) = wie O4 + Durchtrittssicherheit je nach Typ + Stollenauflösung

family with its content. Do not attempt to work without becoming familiar with the current/proper instruction for use!

THIS MANUAL MAY BE COPIED IN ORDER TO MAKE IT AVAILABLE TO EVERY USER OF THE PRODUCT.

In any doubts please contact with safety expert, the manufacturer or the authorized representative of the manufacturer in order to explain the meaning of the symbols.

Legend of the sample labeling: [A] - type designation / commodity code by manufacturer, [B] - standard number, [C] - footwear category, [D] - size, [E] - compatibility mark, [F] - read the manual, [G] - production date (month / year), [H] - manufacturer's identification mark, [I] - name and address of manufacturer, [J] - Ukrainian conformity sign, [K] - conformity sign of the Customs Union.

The legend to the symbols used: CODE - type designation/commodity code by manufacturer, CATEGORY - footwear category, NUMBER - number of the product, SIZES - the available scope of sizes, PACKING - number of product in the smallest package unit/number in the box, STANDARDS - standards, COLOURS - available range of colors, [L] - lot number, [CE] - conformity mark, [I] - got acquainted with the instruction manual, [REIS] - manufacturer's identification mark, [D] - product line, [O] - online instruction, [III] - conformity sign of the Customs Union, [K] - Ukrainian conformity sign

Explanation of symbols used in footwear labeling:

A - antistatic footwear

AN - ankle protection

CI - partly conductive footwear

CR - cold insulation from the bottom (the maximum temperature at which the footwear is used cannot exceed the temperature at which the tests were performed, i.e. -17±2°C, test time 30 minutes; the duration of use in low temperatures or cold should be determined individually, taking into account the conditions in a given working environment and the assessment of risks)

EO - electric resistance within 0.75 - 35 MOhm

ESD - sole resistance to fuel oil

HI - heat insulation from the bottom (the test was carried out in accordance with the standard that the footwear meets, using a hot plate with a temperature of 150 °C in contact with the bottom and using sand; test time 30 minutes; the time of use in the working environment should be determined individually, taking into account the conditions in a given environment and the assessment of the risks)

HRO - outside resistance to hot contact (up to 300(±5) °C)

LG - ladder grip

M - metatarsal protection

P - resistance of the bottom to perforation by the force of 1100 N

PS - resistance of the bottom to perforation by the force of 1100 N, diameter of test nail - 4.5 mm (non-metal insert type PS)

PL - resistance of the bottom to perforation by the force of 1100 N, diameter of test nail - 4.5 mm (non-metal insert type PL)

PS - resistance of the bottom to perforation, the average value of force from 4 tests is not lower than 1100 N (no single result is lower than 950 N), diameter of test nail - 3.0 mm (non-metal insert type PS)

SC - footwear meets the requirements of EN ISO 20345 or EN ISO 20347 in regard to scuff abrasion

SR - slip resistance on ceramic tile floor with glycerine

SL - slip resistance on wet floor

WR - resistance of whole footwear to water

WPA - resistance of the upper part to water penetration and absorption

AC resistant - acid resistant

SLIP resistant - slip resistant

Anti-slip area - anti-slip area

Oil resistant - oil resistant

Shock absorb - shock absorb

Antistatic - antistatic

Hydrocarbons resistance - hydrocarbons resistance

OS (metal insert type P), OSL (non-metal insert type PL), OS5 (non-metal insert type PS) = as O4 + perforation resistance according to type - cleated outsole

O6 = as O2 + water resistance of the whole footwear

O7 (metal insert type P), O7L (non-metal insert type PL), O7S (non-metal insert type PS) = as O3 + water resistance of the whole footwear

OBH = markings categories of occupational hybrid footwear

0 = symbol indicates that the footwear has not been tested for slip resistance

This manual is an integral part of the package, and at the same time its marking. In accordance with the Regulation (EU) 2016/425 of the European Parliament and of the Council article 17 paragraph 1, all the markings may not be placed on the product. The signs description in the instruction is binding information, also in the case if there are factors that led to that the signs on the product are unreadable. Any non-explained signs in this manual do not refer directly or indirectly to health and safety. The product and its packaging must be disposed in accordance with applicable local regulations. Information on the composition of the product and its packaging is available on rawpol.com.

EN ANLEITUNG UND INFORMATIONEN FÜR DIE BENUTZER

Hersteller: RAW-POL STEFAŃSKI SPÓŁKA KOMANDYTOWO-AKCYJNA, Julianów 50, 96-200 Julianów, Polen.

Dieses Produkt gehört zur persönlichen Schutzausrüstung (PSA), die in der Verordnung (EU) 2016/425 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates und erfüllt die Anforderungen dieses Produkts der Kategorie II zugeordnet.

Standards: Das Produkt erfüllt die Standards EN ISO 20345:2022, Persönliche Schutzausrüstung, Sicherheitsschuhe.

Notifizierte Stelle: SGS Fimko Oy, Takomitie 8, FI-00380 Helsinki, Finnland; Nummer der notifizierte Einheit: 0598.

Produkt/Beschreibung: Sicherheitsschuhe gemäß der im Feld CATEGORY angegebene und auf dem Produkt angebrachte Kategorie.

Bestimmung, Verwendung und Bedienung: Dieses Produkt ist für den Schutz des Benutzers vorgesehen und schützt ihn gegen bestimmte Gefahren, gemäß der auf Grundlage von Normen genehmigten Kategorie, deren Anforderungen das Produkt erfüllt und ist für den Einsatz in Umgebungen bestimmt, in denen solche Gefahren auftreten. Das Schutzniveau stimmt mit der auf dem Produkt angebrachten Kategorie überein. Die Bedeutung der jeweiligen in der Schuhkategorie verwendeten Symbole wurde im weiteren Teil der Anleitung angegeben und steht zudem auf rawpol.com zur Verfügung. Das Schutzniveau wurde auf der Grundlage von Tests ermittelt, die den Bedingungen entsprechen, unter denen die Tests durchgeführt wurden. Bitte führen Sie die Tests in einer geeigneten Arbeitsumgebung immer unter Risikobewertung durch, um zu überprüfen, ob das Produkt Schutz gegen alle in dieser Umgebung verfügbaren Risiken bietet. Hervorheben ist, dass keinerlei persönliche Schutzausrüstung eine hundertprozentige Sicherheit gewährt. Die Arbeit sollte also mit einer angemessenen Vorsicht ausgeführt werden. Während der Arbeit sollte auf den Erhalt der Schutzfunktionen geachtet werden. Der Verlust der Schutzleistungen bedeutet, dass das Produkt abgenutzt ist.

Die Materialien, aus dem Produkt hergestellt ist, sollten keinen negativen Einfluss auf die Gesundheit und Hygiene des Benutzers haben. Jedoch je nach Material des Produkts enthaltene Substanz und jeder Bestandteil des Produktes, wie Baumwolle, Leder, Metallteile, Latex usw. können ein Allergen darstellen. Besonders empfindliche Personen sollten das Produkt vor dem Gebrauch prüfen oder einen Arzt um Rat fragen.

Zum Anziehen der Schuhe empfiehlt sich die Verwendung eines Schuhalffüßes. Wenn vorhanden, binden Sie nach dem Anziehen

