



PL Instrukcja użytkownika

EN Instruction for use

CZ Návod k použití

RO Návod na použitie

LT Anweisungen für den Gebrauch

DE Naudojimo instrukcijos

UA Інструкція із застосування

Obuwie bezpieczne

Safety footwear

Bezpečnostní obuv

Bezpečnostná obuv

1. ul. Waly Dwernickiego 123

2. XXXXXXXX

3. CE

4. ROZMIAR 00

5. EN ISO XXXXX:XXXX

6. XX

How to clean: clean with a slightly damp cloth and leave to dry. Then apply a small amount of a good quality agent intended for the type of material to the footwear and, if the nature of the material used so provides, polish it with a soft brush or cotton cloth. Do not use opaque and self-gloss pastes. Do not apply too thick a layer of cream or paste. Do not apply a new layer of polish on top of the old one. When buying a shoe maintenance product, read the information provided by the manufacturer of the product regarding its use and intended use.

Store: Keep regular maintenance of footwear assists its reduced resistance to soaking and other weather conditions, which can lead to its damage. Footwear that has not been maintained in accordance with the instructions or that shows signs of natural wear and tear is not subject to quality claims.

Life: Footwear should be kept in a dry and ventilated place, in original cardboard packaging, in rooms with a temperature of 5 – 24°C and humidity of 50% – 70%. The footwear must not be exposed to extreme weather conditions. Too high/low temperature, too high humidity or intense light can adversely affect the quality and usability of the product. They should also be protected against dirt, mechanical damage and chemicals. The packaging can also be used to store footwear when not in use. Do not crush with heavy objects, do not lead to bends or folds. Poor conditions can contribute to a reduction in the level of protection. The manufacturer is not responsible for products that have been exposed to the aforementioned situations.

Insol: The footwear is delivered with a removable insole, and the tests were carried out with this insole on. An insole may only be replaced with one that has been supplied by the manufacturer of the footwear or only used with them. The properties of EN ISO 20345:2022 in combination with this occupational or safety footwear. Footwear that has been supplied with insoles can only be used with them. Do not use shoes without insoles.

Shelf life: It is not possible to determine the exact expiry date, as this fact is influenced by many factors such as intensity of use, weather conditions or environmental influences. The shelf life is greatly influenced by the way the product is stored - see the point above. When stored under appropriate conditions (temperature and humidity), the expiry dates of the footwear are usually 5 years from the date of manufacture for footwear made of leather with a rubber sole, 3 years from the date of manufacture for footwear made with PU added if they are stored under the conditions specified by the manufacturer.

Anti-slip properties: The footwear has passed the tests for slip resistance, complies with the EN ISO 20345:2022 standard, i.e. on a ceramic tile substrate, coated with a sodium lauryl sulfate (NaLS) solution. In tests carried out in accordance with the conditions contained in the standards, the anti-slip properties have been checked and confirmed. It should be noted that the test conditions have been adapted to standards and do not necessarily reflect the conditions found in the workplace. In order to assess the suitability of the shoes at work, it is recommended to carry out prior tests.

Antistatic properties: Antistatic footwear should be used if it is necessary to minimise the accumulation of electrostatic charges by dissipating them, which avoids the risk of ignition of a spark, i.e. in the case of flammable substances and vapours, and if the risk of electric shock from mains line equipment cannot be completely eliminated from the workplace. Anti-static footwear introduces resistance between the foot and the ground, but may not provide complete protection. Antistatic footwear is not suitable for working with live electrical installations. It should also be noted that antistatic footwear cannot guarantee adequate protection against electric shock caused by an electrical discharge, as it only introduces resistance between the foot and the floor. If the risk of electric shock from the workplace discharge has not been completely eliminated, additional measures must be taken to prevent this risk. Such measures, as well as additional testing, should be a routine part of a workplace safety assessment.

Antistatic footwear does not provide protection against electric shock caused by AC or DC voltage. If there is a risk of exposure to air DC or AC voltage, use electrically insulating footwear to protect against serious injury.

Antistatic footwear does not protect against contamination significantly due to bending, contamination or moisture. These shoes may not perform their intended function if worn in damp conditions.

Class I footwear can absorb moisture and can start to conduct electricity if worn for long periods of time in damp and wet conditions. Class II footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions, it should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

If footwear is worn in conditions where the sole material becomes contaminated, users should always check the antistatic properties of the footwear before entering the workplace. When using antistatic footwear, the resistance of the substrate should be such that it does not impair the protection provided by the footwear.

Before use, it is essential to ensure that footwear used in a specific environment is able to perform the designed function of dissipating electrostatic charges and provide some protection against its lifetime. Therefore, it is recommended that the user perform an internal electrical resistance test, which will be performed at regular and frequent intervals.

It is recommended to use antistatic socks along with footwear.

Shoes that meet this condition fulfil an insole that is a puncture-resistant. Different variants of puncture inserts are available. The most common are metal inserts and inserts made of materials other than metal.

Preparation of the sole: The sole of the shoe does not cover the foot entirely, but are more resistant to the shape, size, sharpness or geometry of a sharp object or the hazard they are intended to protect against.

Non-metallic insoles (e.g. S3, PL, PS) are more flexible, they can cover most of the foot, but their resistance to puncture is more dependent on the shape of the heel or the heel area than metal insoles. Footwear with puncture-resistant insoles has been tested using standardized forces and pins. With a reduced diameter and increased load (dynamic or static) on the workpieces, the risk of punctures is much higher.

Before working in conditions where there is a risk of falls, ensure that sufficient protective measures are in place and that footwear and additional preventive measures are sufficient.

Repair and replacement: If you have any doubts, contact a health and safety professional, the manufacturer, or their authorized representative for clarification.

Disposal: The product is in the product in accordance with the environmental regulations and standards in force in the country of use. Information on the composition of the product and its packaging is available from the manufacturer.

Repair and replacement: It means that it can no longer provide adequate safety. To ensure that the wearer continues to be protected at an unchanged level, the product must be replaced immediately with a defect-free one. Footwear equipped with a toe cap can be damaged during an impact, accident or pressure. Due to the nature of the damage, it may not be easily noticeable. Damaged shoes, even in a way that is hardly noticeable, should be replaced with new ones.

Complaints: The conditions for complaints about goods and services have been set out in the current legal regulations in force in the country of purchase and use. The basis for the buyer's claims against the seller may be the non-conformity of the goods with the contract at the time of their release. Usually, in the case of footwear, its properties are not determined individually and it is considered to be in accordance with the contract if it is suitable for the purpose for which the type of footwear is used. In the event of non-compliance of the goods with the contract, the buyer is entitled to demand repair, replacement (if repair is not possible), return of the value of the goods or up to 100% of the same time when the manufacturer stipulated the amount of compensation depends on the degree of wear and tear of the goods.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

-footwear used contrary to the instructions for use and maintenance of footwear

-footwear with mechanical damage caused during use

-natural wear and tear of the footwear

-discoloration of the linings

-the aesthetic aspect of footwear, if it does not affect the preservation of the properties specified in the standards

-sole damage resulting from the use of footwear on a sharp or hot surface

-footwear inappropriately fitted, both to the user and the conditions in which it is used.

Class I footwear is resistant to damp and wet conditions. It should be used when there is a possibility of these factors.

Note: This does not affect, you should immediately report it, because using the product despite noticing the defect may cause it to worsen and void the warranty. Each complaint is subject to individual assessment.

The following are not subject to complaint:

